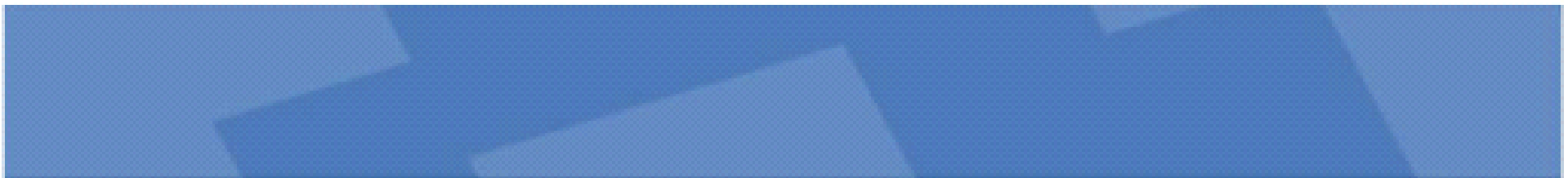


# **LEGO Mindstorm NXT 2.0**

# What is Mindstorm NXT 2.0

- Lego Mindstorm NXT series are programmable robotics kits
- NXT 2.0 (8547) is latest release, launched on August, 2009



# Components

- NXT Intelligent Brick
  - 4 sensor connectors (RJ12)
  - 3 motor connectors (RJ12)
  - Speaker
  - USB
  - Bluetooth
  - 100x60 Pixel LED
  - Buttons
  - 6 AA batteries



# Motors

- Motor
  - step motor
  - one degree accuracy
- Build-in rotation sensor
  - speed
  - distance



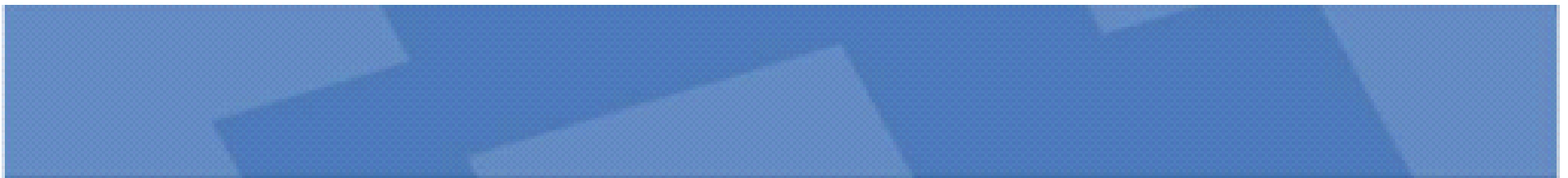
# Sensors

- Touch Sensor
  - Button
- Ultrasonic Sensor
  - Distance detection
- Color Sensor
  - Color recognition
  - Color Light



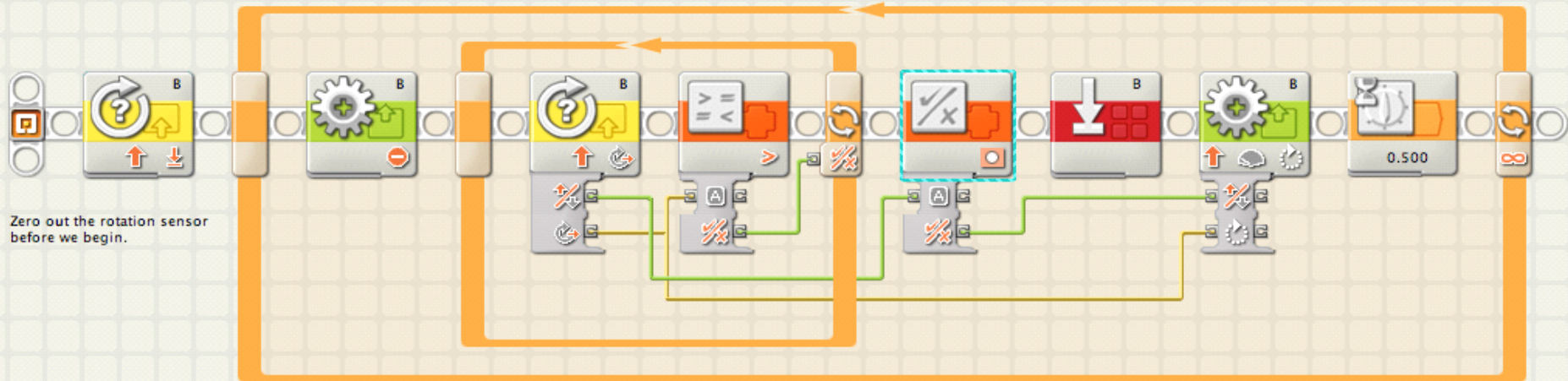
# Programming

- NXT-G
  - NXT-G is the programming software included in the standard base kit.
  - Based on LabVIEW graphical programming.
  - Features an interactive drag-and-drop environment.



**PivotBumper:**

Intrigued by Sivan Toledo's unique rotation-based front bumper (<http://www.tau.ac.il/~stoledo/lego/RTZ/>), I decided to code my own "return to zero" code that can handle either direction. While this is not suitable for Mr Toledo's original application (for instance, this code does not wait for the robot to back off from the wall before restoring the bumper to the "zero" position), it shows another way of doing it without some of the Switch structures. The idea: imagine a front bumper that is just a long beam attached at the midpoint to an NXT motor on its side. If the robot moves at an angle into a wall, one side of the beam will encounter the wall before the other, resulting in a rotation of the motor... which the program can detect, and then return the bumper to the zero position. As an aside, also note that this doesn't just tell you which side the wall is on, but if you're careful it can estimate what angle the robot is approaching the wall from (compare how fast the bumper turns for, say, one cm of forward travel).



Zero out the rotation sensor before we begin.

Float the B motor by using a Motor block set to stop and "coast" checked.

Hang in this loop until the magnitude of the rotation is greater than whatever limit we've selected in the Compare block. Note that we can't do this using the compare in the rotation sensor block itself, because we don't know if the rotation will be CW or CCW, and we want to detect both.

Take the direction of rotation seen by the rotation sensor and invert it using a Logic block set to Not.

Reset the Motor block record of the movement

Now turn the front bumper through a duration equal to the measured angle, but in the opposite direction, and wait for this to complete.

Wait (with the motor braked) a very short time to prevent overshooting. Note that this isn't actually needed here, as I'm using a fairly low power in the Motor block.

**Compare configuration**

Compare

Operation: Greater than

A: 0    B: 40

**Motor configuration**

Motor

Port:  A  B  C

Control:  Motor Power

Direction:  ↑  ↓  ↻

Duration: 360 Degrees

Action: Constant

Wait:  Wait for Completion

Power: 10

Next Action:  Brake  Coast

**Logic configuration**

Logic

Operation: Not

A:

B:

**Coast configuration**

Motor

Port:  A  B  C

Control:  Motor Power

Direction:  ↑  ↓  ↻

Duration: 360 Unlimited

Action: Constant

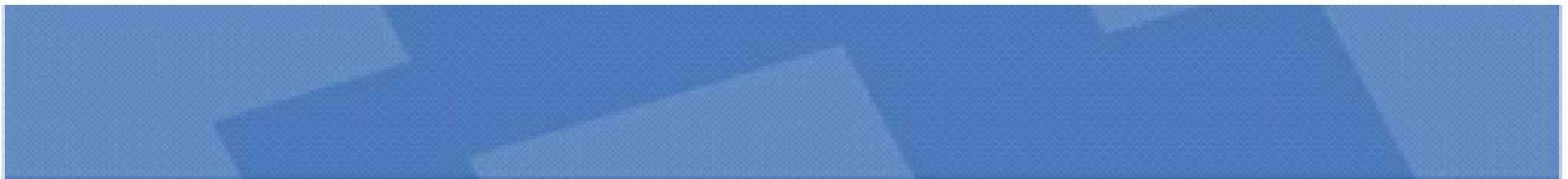
Wait:  Wait for Completion

Power: 75

Next Action:  Brake  Coast

# Programming

- leJOS NXJ
  - High level open source language based on Java that uses custom firmware developed by the leJOS team
- BricxCC, Next Byte Codes, Not eXactly C
  - C-like or assembly-like languages
- NXT-Python
  - Python module to communicate with NXT
- Matlab, Simulink, Lua, Ada, Perl, C#...



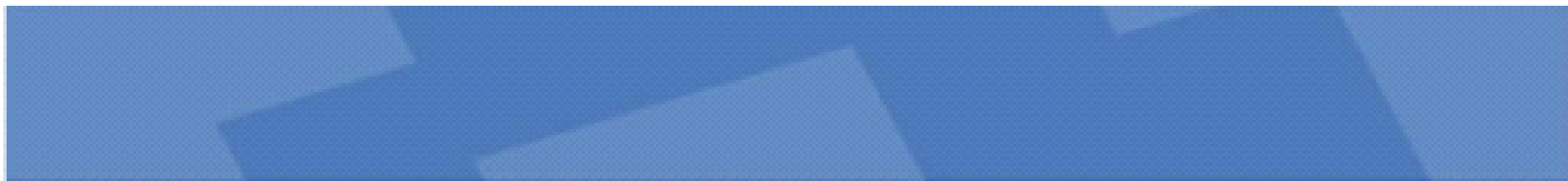


# leJOS

Class Summary	
<a href="#">BasicMotor</a>	Abstraction for basic motor operations.
<a href="#">Battery</a>	Provides access to Battery.
<a href="#">Button</a>	Abstraction for an NXT button.
<a href="#">ColorSensor</a>	LEGO Color Sensor driver.
<a href="#">ColorSensor.Color</a>	Extended color class, that includes the background reading at the time that the other readings were made.
<a href="#">Flash</a>	Read and write access to flash memory in pages.
<a href="#">I2CSensor</a>	Class that implements common methods for all I2C sensors.
<a href="#">LCD</a>	Text and graphics output to the LCD display.
<a href="#">LCDOutputStream</a>	A simple output stream that implements console output.
<a href="#">LightSensor</a>	This class is used to obtain readings from a LEGO NXT light sensor.
<a href="#">Motor</a>	Motor class contains 3 instances of regulated motors.
<a href="#">MotorPort</a>	Abstraction for a NXT output port.
<a href="#">NXT</a>	Abstraction for the local NXT Device.
<a href="#">NXTEvent</a>	This class allows communication of event data between the leJOS firmware and the leJOS low level classes.
<a href="#">NXTMotor</a>	Abstraction for an NXT motor with no speed regulation.
<a href="#">NXTRegulatedMotor</a>	Abstraction for a NXT motor.
<a href="#">NXTRegulatedMotor.Controller</a>	This class provides a single thread that drives all of the motor regulation process.
<a href="#">SensorPort</a>	Abstraction for a NXT input port.
<a href="#">Settings</a>	leJOS NXJ persistent settings.
<a href="#">Sound</a>	NXT sound routines.

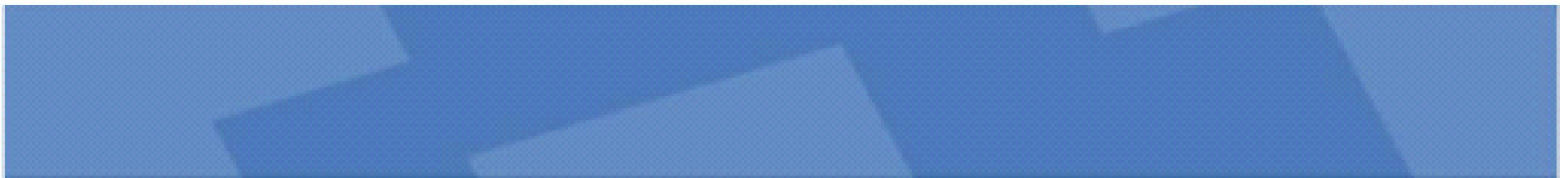
# Open Source

- Lego has released the firmware for the NXT Intelligent Brick as Open Source, along with schematics for all hardware components
  - Software Developer Kit (SDK)
  - Hardware Developer Kit (HDK)
  - Bluetooth Developer Kit (BDK)
- 3rd-party firmware (eg. leJOS)
- 3rd-party sensor (eg. Compass, RFID reader, accelerometer)



# Reference

- <http://mindstorms.lego.com/en-us/Default.aspx>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lego\\_Mindstorms\\_NXT](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lego_Mindstorms_NXT)
- <http://lejos.sourceforge.net/index.php>
- <http://www.diy-robots.com/>
- <http://nxtprograms.com>



*Thank you!*

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